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DEVICE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM, DEVICE MANAGEMENT TERMINAL, NETWORK
DEVICE, TERMINAL PROGRAM, DEVICE PROGRAM, AND DEVICE MANAGEMENT
METHOD

5

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a system and method for
managing a network device, as well as a terminal, device and
10 program that are applied to the same, and more particularly,
to a device management system, device management terminal,
network device, terminal program and device program, and device
management method that allow one to change functions of a network
device without requiring technical knowledge and can reduce time
15 and effort required to change functions and also are suitable
for shortening delivery times.

Description of the Related Art

Conventional technologies for managing network devices such
20 as network-enabled printers and scanners include a method for
changing device functions that is disclosed in Japanese Patent
Document No. 11-39165.

The method connects a network device and a device management
server so that they communicate with one another and displays
25 functions or a destination on a display unit of the network device.

When a user selects data or functions through an input unit, a processing program, printer driver, data format conversion program, mail transmission application and the like that are adapted to the user's utilization are downloaded and stored in
5 the storage unit of the network device.

This allows functions to be changed without changing ROM in the network device.

With the conventional method, the user can select a program that can be applied to his/her network device from among a number
10 of different programs managed by the device management server and can change the functions of the device only after the program is downloaded. To properly change a network device's functions thus requires technical knowledge about network devices as well as time and effort to perform operations such as selecting and
15 downloading a program.

On the other hand, when designing a network device with its functions customized separately as required by a customer, the manufacturer has to go through four processes: analysis of the customer's requirement, consideration of the specification
20 of the network device, hardware development, and software development. Depending on the design details, analysis of requirement may take one month, consideration of the specification one month, hardware development six months, and software development four months, for example. Thus, even if
25 the development of hardware and software can be carried out in

parallel, it would take as long as eight month after having received the customer's request to delivery of the product.

The invention has been made in consideration of such a technical problem unsolved by prior arts, and has an object of providing a device management system, device management terminal, network device, terminal program, device program, and device management method that allow one to change functions of a network device without requiring technical knowledge and can reduce time and effort required for function change and are also suitable for shortening delivery times.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with an embodiment of this invention, a device management system to which a network device is connected is provided so that it can communicate with the system. When device information regarding a network device is received, functions available to the network device are determined based on the device information, and, based on the determination, a function provision module that is applied to the network device to provide it with a function is sent to the network device.

With such a constitution, when device information is received, functions available to the network device are determined based on the device information, and based on the determination, a function provision module is sent to the network device.

In the network device, upon receiving the function provision module, the module is executed to realize the function.

This allows a function provision module that realizes an available function to be incorporated into a network device just
5 by connecting the network device to a network. Thus, one can change functions of a network device relatively easily with less technical knowledge compared with conventional cases and also incorporation of a function provision module is simplified, thereby resulting in an advantage that time and effort required
10 for changing device functions can be relatively reduced.

Also, when designing network device whose functions are customized separately as required by customers, hardware and software that realize generic functions are developed in advance, and network device which incorporates the hardware and software
15 is produced in quantity. When a customer poses some requirement, the requirement is analyzed and specifications are considered. And if separate functions other than the generic functions are necessary, those functions are realized by software. That is, function provision module that realizes those functions may be
20 prepared after the analysis of requirement and consideration of specifications.

It means another advantage that delivery times can be shortened as compared with conventional cases can be achieved since hardware development and some of software development can
25 be done before receiving customers' requirements.

Connections of network device that enable its communication with the system include direct connection of the present system with network device, as well as indirect connection of the system with network device via other terminals.

5 The system may be implemented as a single device, or may be implemented as a network system to which a plurality of terminals are connected so that they can communicate with the system. In the latter case, each component may belong to any of the plurality of terminals as long as it can communicate with
10 the system.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Still other objects and advantages will become apparent to one skilled in the art after studying the following
15 specification and by reference to the drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating the configuration of a network system to which the invention is applied;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a device management server 100;

20 FIG. 3 shows the data structure of a management information registration DB 40;

FIG. 4 is a flowchart showing user registration;

FIG. 5 is a flowchart showing module provision;

FIG. 6 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a
25 network device 200;

FIG. 7 is a flowchart showing user registration request processing;

FIG. 8 is a flowchart showing module acquisition;

FIG. 9 shows a GUI screen on which one can select from
5 available functions;

FIG. 10 is a flowchart showing module acquisition; and

FIG. 11 shows a postcard on which one can select from
available functions.

10 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Embodiments of the invention will be described with reference to the drawings. FIGS. 1 to 9 illustrate embodiments of a device management system, device management terminal, network device, terminal program, device program, and device
15 management method of the invention.

An embodiment of the invention is to apply the device management system, device management terminal, network device, terminal program, device program, and device management method of the invention to a case where the function of a network device
20 200 is extended when device 200 is connected to the Internet 199, as shown in FIG. 1. The configuration of the network system to which the invention is applied will be first described with reference to FIG. 1. FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing the configuration of the network system to which the invention is
25 applied. As shown, a plurality of network devices 200 and a

device management server 100 for managing the network devices 200 are connected to the Internet 199. The network devices 200 include network-enabled scanners and printers, for example.

The configuration of the device management server 100 will
5 be next described in detail with reference to FIG. 2. FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing the configuration of the device management server 100.

As shown, the device management server 100 is comprised of a CPU 30 for controlling operations and the entire system
10 based on a control program, ROM 32 having a control program and the like for the CPU 30 stored in a predetermined area in advance, RAM 34 for storing data read from the ROM 32 and the like and operation result necessary in operation process by the CPU 30, and an I/F 38 mediating input/output of data with external devices.
15 They are interconnected through a bus 39, which is a signal line for transferring data, so that they can receive and send data with each other.

Connected to the I/F 38 are a management information registration database (hereinafter abbreviated as "DB") 40 with
20 which user information regarding users and device information and other management information regarding the network devices 200 are registered, a function provision module registration DB 42 with which function provision modules are registered that are applied to the network devices 200 to supply them with

functions, and a signal line that is connected to the Internet 199.

FIG. 3 shows the data structure of the management information registration DB 40.

5 As shown in the figure, in the management information registration DB 40, one record for each of the network devices 200 or for each user is stored. Each record includes a field 410 for registering a user ID that uniquely identifies a user, a field 412 for registering a device type ID that uniquely
10 identifies the type of the user's network device 200, a field 414 for registering functions available to the network device 200, and a field 416 indicating the application status of a function provision module.

In the example of the FIG. 3, a user ID "61234", a device
15 type ID "01234", available functions "FAX, copy", and application status "1" are registered in the first record. This means that a user identified by the user ID "61234" owns a network device 200 of a type identified by the device type ID "01234", and fax and copy functions are available to the network device 200, and
20 a corresponding function provision module has been already applied.

In the function provision module registration DB 42, a plurality of function provision modules are registered. A function provision module is a program module that is applied
25 to the network device 200 to provide it with a function, and

that realizes a function that is provided in conjunction with other network devices 200. As an example of a function provision module, in a case the target network device 200 is a printer and a scanner exists as an available network device 200, there
5 would be a program module that realizes copy or FAX function by causing the printer and scanner to work in combination.

Returning to FIG. 2, the CPU 30 is comprised of a micro processing unit (MPU) and the like, invoking a predetermined program stored in a predetermined area of the ROM 32, and, in
10 accordance with the program, executing user registration and module provision, which are shown as the flowcharts in FIGS. 4 and 5, using time division technique.

User registration will be first described in detail with reference to FIG. 4. FIG. 4 is a flowchart showing user
15 registration.

User registration is processing of registering a user in response to a user registration request from the network device 200. Once initiated by the CPU 30, the process first proceeds to step S100, as shown in FIG. 4.

20 At step S100, it is determined whether or not a user registration request has been received. If it is determined that a user registration request has been received (Yes), the process proceeds to step S102, otherwise (No), the process waits at step S100 until a request is received.

At step S102, device information is received, and the process proceeds to step S104 to determine functions available to the requesting network device 200 based on the device type ID included in the device information. Specifically, at step S104,

5 reference is made to a function registration table that stores functions associated with device type IDs, and functions for the received device type ID are determined.

Then at step S106, a GUI screen on which one can select from the determined functions is generated, and at step S108,
10 GUI screen information for composing the generated GUI screen is sent to the requesting network device 200. The process then proceeds to step S110.

At step S110, input to the GUI screen is received and determination is made as to whether one or more of the functions
15 are selected on the GUI screen based on the input. If it is determined that one or more of the functions have been selected (Yes), the process proceeds to step S112, otherwise (No), the process waits at step S110 until input to the GUI screen is received.

20 At step S112, it is determined whether the function selected on the screen is a function to be charged or not. If it is determined that the function is a chargeable function (Yes), the process proceeds to step S114 to have the user enter his/her personal information necessary for charging and perform charging

processing of charging the utilization of the function, and then proceeds to step S116.

At step S116, a unique user ID is generated that does not overlap any user ID registered with the management information registration DB 40, and at step S118, the generated user ID is
5 sent to the requesting network device 200. Then at step S120, the user ID, the function selected on the GUI screen, and the device type ID included in the device information received at step S102 are registered with the management information
10 registration DB 40 as management information, and the processing is terminated and the system returns to operation it was originally performing.

Meanwhile, if it is determined at step S112 that the function selected on the GUI screen is not a chargeable function (No),
15 the process proceeds to step S116.

Module provision will be now described in detail with reference to FIG. 5. FIG. 5 is a flowchart illustrating module provision.

The module provision is processing of providing a function
20 provision module available to the network device 200 in response to a function extension request from the network device. Once initiated in the CPU 30, the process first proceeds to step S200 as shown in FIG. 5.

At step S200, determination is made as to whether or not
25 a request for function extension has been received. If it is

determined that a request for function extension has been received (Yes), the process proceeds to step S202, otherwise (No), the process waits at step S200 until a request is received.

At step S202, it is determined whether a user ID has been
5 received or not. If it is determined that a user ID has been received (Yes), the process proceeds to step S204 to determine functions available to the requesting network device 200 based on the user ID. Specifically, at step S204, a record that stores
the same user ID as the received one is searched for in the
10 management information registration DB 40, and if the record is found, functions registered in the field 414 of the record are read out.

Then, at step S206, it is determined whether or not the determined function(s) include a chargeable function. If it
15 is determined there is no chargeable function (No), the process proceeds to step S208 to read out a function provision module corresponding to the determined function from the function provision module registration DB 42. Then at step S210, the function provision module is sent to the requesting network device
20 200, and the processing is terminated and the system returns to operation it was originally performing.

Meanwhile, if it is determined at step S206 that the determined function(s) include a chargeable function (Yes), the process proceeds to step S212 to search for and read out a record

that stores the same user ID as the received one from the management information registration DB 40 and proceeds to step S214.

At step 214, based on the registered content of the field 416 of the record, it is determined whether or not the function provision module corresponding to the chargeable function has
5 been provided one or more times in past. If it is determined that the module has never been provided in past (No), the process proceeds to step S208, otherwise (Yes), the processing is terminated and the system returns to operation it was originally
10 performing.

Meanwhile, if it is determined at step S202 that a user ID has not been received (No), the process proceeds to step S216 to determine whether or not a device type ID has been received. If it is determined that a device type ID has been received (Yes),
15 the process proceeds to step S218.

At step S218, based on the device type ID, functions that are available to the requesting network device 200 are determined. Specifically, at step S218, a record that stores the same device type ID as the received one is searched for in the management
20 information registration DB 40, and if the record is found, functions registered in the field 414 of the record are read out.

Then, at step S220, it is determined whether or not the determined function(s) include a chargeable function. If it

is determined that they include no chargeable function (No), the process proceeds to step S208.

On the other hand, if it is determined at step S220 that the determined functions include a chargeable function (Yes),
5 the process proceeds to step S222 to search for and read out a record that stores the same device type ID as the received one from the management information registration DB 40, and proceeds to step S224.

At step S224, based on stored content of the field 416 of
10 the record, determination is made as to whether the function provision module corresponding to the chargeable function has been provided one or more times in past or not. If it is determined that the module has never been provided (No), the process proceeds to step S208, otherwise (Yes), the processing is terminated and
15 the system returns to operation it was originally performing.

On the other hand, if it is determined at step S216 that no device type ID has been received (No), the process proceeds to step S202.

In the following, the configuration of the network device
20 200 will be described in detail with reference to FIG. 6. FIG. 6 is a block diagram showing the configuration of the network device 200.

As shown, the network device 200 is comprised of a CPU 50 for controlling operations and the entire system based on a
25 control program, ROM 52 having a control program and the like

for the CPU 50 stored in a predetermined area in advance, RAM 54 for storing data read from the ROM 52 and the like and operation result necessary in operation by the CPU 50, and an I/F 58 for mediating input/output of data with external devices. They are
5 interconnected through a bus 59, which is a signal line for transferring data, so that they can receive/send data with one another.

Connected to the I/F 58 are an input device 60 that comprises a keyboard or a mouse as a human interface through which data
10 can be entered, storage device 62 for storing data, tables and the like as files, a display device 64 for displaying a screen based on image signals, and a signal line that is connected to the Internet 199. In addition, although not shown, a printing device in a case the network device 200 is a printer, and an
15 image reading device in a case the network device 200 is a scanner may be connected to the I/F 58, for example.

The storage device 62 has device information stored thereon. Device information includes a device type ID, a device ID that uniquely identifies the user's network device 200, and its
20 performance, for example.

The CPU 50 is comprised of a micro processing unit (MPU) and the like, invoking a predetermined program stored in a predetermined area of the ROM 52, and in accordance with the program, executing the user registration and module acquisition

shown in the flowcharts of FIGS. 7 and 8 using time division technique.

Processing of a user registration request will be first described in detail with reference to FIG. 7. FIG. 7 is a
5 flowchart illustrating processing of a user registration request.

Processing of user registration request is processing that corresponds to the user registration shown in FIG. 4. Once initiated by the CPU 50, the process first proceeds to step S300
10 as shown in FIG. 7.

At step S300, determination is made as to whether the network device 200 is connected to the Internet 199 or not. If it is determined that the device is connected to the Internet 199 (Yes), the process proceeds to step S302, otherwise (No), the process
15 waits at step S300 until the device is connected to the Internet 199.

At step S302, it is determined as to whether or not a user ID is stored in the storage device 62. If it is determined that a user ID is not stored in the storage device 62 (No), the process
20 proceeds to step S304 to send a user registration request to the device management server 100 and proceeds to step S306.

At step S306, device information is obtained from another network device 200 available, and then at step S308, device information is read out from the storage device 62. And at step

S310, both pieces of the device information are sent to the device management server 100. The process then proceeds to step S312.

At step S312, GUI screen composition information is received, then at step S314, a GUI screen is displayed on the display device 64 based on the GUI screen composition information. Then at step S316, selection of the functions is input from among the functions displayed on the GUI screen and the process proceeds to step S318.

At step S318, input on the GUI screen is sent to the device management server 100, and at step S320, a user ID is received. At step S322, the received user ID is stored in the storage device 62, and the processing is terminated and the system returns to operation it was originally performing.

On the other hand, if it is determined at step S302 that a user ID is stored in the storage device 62 (Yes), the processing is terminated and the system returns to operation it was originally performing.

The module acquisition will be now described in detail with reference to FIG. 8. FIG. 8 is a flowchart illustrating module acquisition.

The module acquisition is processing that corresponds to the module provision shown in FIG. 5. Once initiated in the CPU 50, the process first proceeds to step S400 as shown in FIG. 8.

At step S400, it is determined whether or not the network device 200 is connected to the Internet 199. If it is determined that the device is connected to the Internet 199 (Yes), the process proceeds to step S402, otherwise (No), the process waits at step
5 S400 until the device is connected to the Internet 199.

At step S402, it is determined whether or not a user ID is stored in the storage device 62. If it is determined that a user ID is stored in the storage device 62 (Yes), the process proceeds to step S402 to send a request for function extension
10 to the device management server 100 and proceeds to step S406.

At step S406, the user ID is read from the storage device 62, and at step S408, the user ID is sent to the device management server 100. The process then proceeds to step S410.

At step S410, a function provision module is received, and
15 then at step S412 the function provision module is stored in the storage device 62. At step S414, the function provision module is executed, and the processing is terminated and the system returns to operation it was originally performing.

Meanwhile, if it is determined at step S402 that a user
20 ID is not stored in the storage device 62 (No), the processing is terminated and the system returns to operation it was originally performing.

In the following, the operation of the embodiment will be described.

When a printer as the network device 200 is connected to the Internet 199, a user registration request is sent to the device management server 100 through step S304 since the network device 200 does not store any user ID in the storage device 62 in its initial state. Then, through steps S306 to S310, device information is obtained from another network device 200 available, device information is read from the storage device 62, and both pieces of the device information are sent to the device management server 100.

10 When it receives the device information along with the user registration request, the device management server 100 determines functions available to the network device 200 based on the device type ID included in the device information, generates a GUI screen on which one can select from the determined
15 functions, and sends GUI screen composition information for composing the GUI screen to the network device 200, through steps S104 to S108.

FIG. 9 illustrates a GUI screen on which one can select from available functions.

20 In the network device 200, upon receiving the GUI screen composition information, a GUI screen on which one can select from available functions is displayed on the display device 64 through step S314 based on the GUI screen composition information, as shown in FIG. 9. The user then selects one or more functions
25 he/she needs from the functions on the GUI screen through the

input device 60. In the example in FIG. 9, "FAX", "printer management", "copy", and "printer maintenance" are displayed as available functions, and the user has selected "printer management". Once selection of a function has been entered,
5 the input on the GUI screen is sent to the device management server 100 through step S318.

On receiving the input on the GUI screen, the device management server 100 determines whether or not the function selected on the GUI screen is a chargeable function through step
10 S112. If it is determined that the function is chargeable, charging processing is performed, and a user ID is generated and sent to the network device 200, through steps S114 to S118. And through step S120, the generated user ID, the function selected on the GUI screen, and the device type ID included in
15 the received device information are registered in the management information registration DB 40 as management information.

When it receives the user ID, the network device 200 stores it in the storage device 62 through step S322.

In addition, if the network device 200 is connected to the
20 Internet 199 with a user ID stored in the storage device 62, the network device 200 sends a function extension request to the device management server 100, reads the user ID from the storage device 62, and sends it to the device management server 100, through steps S404 to S408.

When it receives the user ID along with the function extension request, the device management server 100 determines functions available to the network device 200 based on the user ID it received and determines whether or not those functions include a chargeable function through steps S204 and S206. If it is determined that
5 no chargeable function is included, a function provision module corresponding to the determined function is selected from the function provision module registration DB 42, and the function provision module is sent to the network device 200 through steps
10 S208 and S210.

On receiving the function provision module, the network device 200 stores the function provision module in the storage device 62 and executes the module to realize the function through steps S512 and S514.

15 On the other hand, if it is determined that the determined functions include a chargeable function, the device management server 100 searches for and reads out a record that stores the same user ID as the received one from the management information registration DB 40, and based on the registered content of the
20 field 416 of the record, determines whether or not the function provision module corresponding to the chargeable function has been provided one or more times in past, through step S212 and S214. If it is determined that the module has never been provided, the function provision module corresponding to the determined
25 function is read from the function provision module registration

DB 42, and the module is sent to the network device 200, through steps S208 and S210.

Meanwhile, when the determined functions include a chargeable function, if it is determined that the function provision module corresponding to that function has been provided
5 one or more times in past, the device management server 100 does not send the module.

In such a manner, in this embodiment, when device information is received, the device management server 100 determines
10 function(s) available to the network device 200 based on the device information, retrieves a function provision module for the function from the function provision module registration DB 42, and sends the module to the network device 200. And the network device 200 sends device information in the storage device
15 62 to the device management server 100, and when it receives a function provision module, it will execute it.

In this way, a function provision module that realizes an available function is incorporated into the network device 200 just by connecting the network device 200 to the Internet 199.
20 Thus, the functions of the network device 200 can be altered relatively easily with less technical knowledge than required by prior arts, and also incorporation of a function provision module is simplified, thereby resulting in relatively reduced time and effort required for changing functions.

Also, when network devices 200 whose functions are customized separately as required by customers are designed, hardware and software that realize generic functions are developed in advance, and network devices 200 which incorporates
5 the hardware and software are produced in quantity. When a customer poses some requirement, the requirement is analyzed and specifications are considered. And if separate functions other than the generic functions are necessary, those functions are realized by software. That is, function provision modules
10 that realize those functions may be prepared after the analysis of requirement and consideration of specifications.

It means that delivery times can be shortened as compared with conventional cases since hardware development and some of software development can be done before receiving customers'
15 requirements.

Moreover, in the embodiment, a function provision module is a module that realizes a function that is provided in conjunction with another network device 200.

It allows a user to utilize with relative ease a function
20 that is provided in conjunction with another network device 200, since much technical knowledge is not required of the user in utilizing such a function.

Moreover, in the embodiment, the network device 200 obtains device information from another available network device 200
25 and sends device information stored in the storage device 62

and the obtained device information to the device management server 100.

This allow a user to utilize a function that is provided with conjunction with another network device 200 with additional
5 ease, since the user does not have to get information regarding another network device 200 in utilizing such a function.

Moreover, in the embodiment, the device management server 100 allows the user to select one or more of the functions it determined, and reads out a function provision module that
10 corresponds to a function the user selected from the function provision module registration DB 42.

The user may thus select a function he/she wants from among functions available to the network device 200, so the user can change functions of the network device 200 even more easily.
15 Also, since a list of selectable functions is provided based on data managed by the device management server 100, the user can select from the latest services (functions) relatively constantly. For service providers, collective management of information, security enhancement, and real-time management of
20 service provision can be enabled. The result is that utilization management can be conducted relatively correctly such as when paid service is provided.

Further, in the embodiment, the device management server 100 generates a GUI screen on which one can select one or more

functions from functions it determined, and presents the screen to the user for selection of one or more functions.

This allows the user to select functions on the GUI screen, thus facilitating selection of the functions.

5 Further, in the embodiment, the device management server 100 determines functions available to the network device 200 based on a function registration table that stores functions associated with device type IDs.

10 This allows function provision modules to be managed for each type of the network device 200, thus relatively appropriate functions can be provided according to the type of the network device 200.

Moreover, in the embodiment, on receiving a user ID, the device management server 100 reads out a function provision module
15 corresponding to the user ID from the function provision module registration DB 42 and sends the module to the network device 200. And the network device 200 sends the user ID stored in the storage device 62 to the device management server 100.

In such a manner, a function provision module that realizes
20 an available function is incorporated into the network device 200 just by registering a common user ID both in the network device 200 and device management server 100. This can enable further easy modification of the functions of the network device 200 and simplifies the incorporation of a function provision

module, thereby further reducing the time and effort required for function modification.

In the embodiment, the device management server 100 is designed not to provide a function provision module that has
5 once been provided to a network device 200 based on a user ID when it receives an access that is based on the same user ID.

This feature can reduce the possibility that function provision modules are utilized improperly.

Although the network device 200 is designed to execute module
10 acquisition processing shown in the flowchart in FIG. 8 in the embodiment described above, it may alternatively execute module acquisition processing shown in the flowchart in FIG. 10.

FIG. 10 is a flowchart illustrating the module acquisition processing.

15 Once initiated by the CPU 50, the module acquisition processing first proceeds to step S500 as shown in the figure.

At step S500, it is determined whether or not the network device 200 is connected to the Internet 199. If it is determined that the device is connected to the Internet 199 (Yes), the process
20 proceeds to step S502, otherwise (No), the process waits at step S500 until the device is connected to the Internet 199.

At step S502, it is determined whether or not a user ID is stored in the storage device 62. If it is determined that a user ID is stored in the storage device 62 (Yes), the process

proceeds to step S504 to send a request for function extension to the device management server 100 and proceeds to step S506.

At step S506, device information is read out from the storage device 62, and then at step S508, the device information is sent
5 to the device management server 100. The process then proceeds to step S510.

At step S510, a function provision module is received, and at step S512, the function provision module is stored in the storage device 62. Then, at step S514, the function provision
10 module is executed and the processing is terminated and the system returns to operation it was originally performing.

On the other hand, if it is determined at step 502 that a user ID is not stored in the storage device 62 (No), the processing is terminated and the system returns to operation it was
15 originally performing.

With such a constitution, when the network device 200 is connected to the Internet 199 with a user ID stored in the storage device 62, the network device 200 sends a function extension request to the device management server 100, reads device
20 information from the storage device 62, and sends the device information to the device management server 100, through steps S504 to S508.

On receiving the device information together with the function extension request, the device management server 100
25 determines functions available to the network device 200 based

on the device information, and determines whether or not those functions include a chargeable function, through steps S218 and S220. If it determines that no function to be charged is included, a function provision module that corresponds to the determined
5 function is read out from the function provision module registration DB 42 and the function provision module is sent to the network device 200, through steps S208 and S210.

When it receives the function provision module, the network device 200 stores the module in the storage device 62 and executes
10 the module to realize the function, through steps S512 and S514.

This provides advantages equivalent to the afore-mentioned embodiment.

Although processing at steps S106 to S110 are executed in the device management server 100 in the embodiment, this is not
15 limitation: it may be executed in the network device 200.

That enables a function list to be generated and functions to be selected regardless of the state of the device management server 100 or communication state of a network. For a selected function, a function provision module may be obtained from the
20 device management server 100 when the network device 200 is connected to the network after that function is selected. Also, network traffic and load on the device management server 100 can be reduced since excessive accesses to the device management server 100 can be mitigated.

Although processing at step S106 is executed by the device management server 100 in the embodiment, this is not limitation: it may be executed by the network device 200.

Although functions are managed using device type ID in the embodiment, this is not limitation: functions may be managed using both device type ID and device ID.

The embodiment described above is intended to provide optimal service for each network device 200. Because users may utilize different services on the network devices 200, device type ID is necessary for selection of optimal services. In addition, because some users cannot utilize services that involve users identification or charging, device IDs that identify users are necessary. The device management server 100 identifies a user based on a device ID and determines whether a service can be provided to the user or not. Only device type IDs will do when providing services that impose no limitation on utilization.

In the embodiment above, a function provision module can provide applications optimal for the user's environment by section of combination with other devices: for example, it may be an application that retrieves data from a digital camera and prints the data in a case where a digital camera as the network device 200 is connected to the Internet 199, or may be a function provision module that provides FAX or copy function when a scanner as the network device 200 is connected to the Internet 199.

Although in the embodiment, the device management server 100 generates a GUI screen on which one can select one or more functions from functions selected by the server and presents it to the user for selection of one or more of the functions, this is not limitation: it is also possible to prepare a postcard or other forms of mail which allows one to select one or more from selected functions, and read and input his/her selection indicated on the returned mail.

FIG. 11 illustrates a postcard on which one can select available functions.

In this example, available functions "FAX", "printer management", "copy", and "printer maintenance" are printed on the postcard, and the user has selected "copy".

Also, although processing shown in the flowcharts in FIGS. 4 and 5 are realized as functions of the device management server 100 in the embodiment, this is not limitation but it may be realized as functions of any one of multiple network devices 200.

In that case, programs for realizing the processing in the flowcharts in FIGS. 4 and 5 are implemented as function provision modules, and the network device 200 may obtain the modules externally and execute them. This can reduce cost since the device management server 100 need not to be provided, and general network devices 200 can realize those functions without designing special network devices 200. And the above embodiment cited a network scanner and network printer as examples of the network

devices 200, this is not limitation but it is also feasible to use a home gateway, network-enabled projector, digital camera, digital video camera, personal computer, PDA (Personal Digital Assistant), network storage, audio equipment, mobile phone, PHS (Personal Handyphone System, a registered trademark), watch-type PDA, POS (Point of Sales) terminal, copier, facsimile machine, telephone (including IP telephone and the like), exchange, NCU (Network Control Unit), and other network-enabled equipment.

10 Although in the description of the embodiment above, a control program that is stored in the ROM 32 in advance is executed when the processing in the flowcharts in FIG. 4 and 5 is performed, this is not limitation: programs designating those procedures may be read from a storage medium to the RAM 34 and executed.

15 As well, although in the description of the embodiment above, a control program that is stored in the ROM 32 in advance is executed when the processing in the flowcharts in FIG. 7, 8 and 10 is performed, this is not limitation: programs designating those procedures may be read from a storage medium to the RAM
20 54 and executed.

 The storage medium may be any type of storage medium as long as it can be read by a computer whether electronically, magnetically, or optically, including semiconductor storage media such as RAM and ROM, magnetic storage media such as FD

and HD, optical storage media such as CD, CDV, LD, and DVD, magnetic storage/optical reading storage media such as MO.

Although in the embodiment above, the device management system, device management terminal, network device, terminal
5 program, device program, and device management method of the invention are applied to a network system comprising the Internet 199, this is not limitation: they may be applied to an intranet that communicates using the same technique as the Internet 199. Of course, they may be applied to a common network other than
10 those that use the same communication scheme as the Internet 199.

Although in the embodiment above, the device management system, device management terminal, network device, terminal
15 program and device program, and device management method of the invention are applied so as to extend the functions of the network device 200 when the network device 200 is connected to the Internet 199, this is not limitation: they may be applied for other purposes without departing from the scope of the invention.

The entire disclosures of Japanese Patent Application Nos.
20 2002-360878 filed December 12, 2002 and 2003-360579 filed October 21, 2003 are hereby incorporated by reference.